COURSE DESCRIPTIONS



Course Descriptions Adult NDR[®] E-Learning Modules

ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION (AMI)

Provides an overview of nursing interventions related to acute myocardial infarction. Includes interventions and care based on the latest evidence based practice recommendations.

ALARM MANAGEMENT

Examines the patient safety goal aimed at reducing "alarm fatigue". Identifies practice improvements to ensure alarms on medical equipment are heard and responded to in a timely fashion.

CATHETER ASSOCIATED URINARY TRACT INFECTION (CAUTI)

Explores evidence based practices aimed at reducing and/or eliminating catheter associated urinary tract infections including a review of CAUTI practice bundles.



CENTRAL LINE ASSOCIATED BLOOD STREAM INFECTION (CLABSI)

Explores evidence based practice aimed at reducing and/or eliminating central line associated bloodstream infections including a review of CLABSI practice bundles.

COMMUNICATION

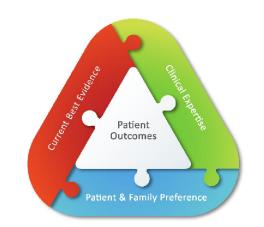
Examines effective communication strategies among the healthcare team related to reporting critical results, using two patient identifiers, and collaborating with the team.

COMMUNITY ACQUIRED PNEUMONIA (CAP)

Examines evidence based practice recommendations aimed at appropriate diagnosis and management of community acquired pneumonia. Includes obtaining blood cultures prior to antibiotic administration.

EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE (EBP)

Describes how research and evidence based practice fosters the development of high reliability organizations. Highlights the nurse's role in providing care based on evidence based practices. Identifies areas for quality and performance improvement and encourages collaboration and engagement with on-going EBP efforts.



HEALTH PROMOTION

Reviews preventative strategies to promote a healthy population. Includes smoking cessation, pneumococcal and influenza vaccines, and substance abuse. Focuses on documentation of assessment, treatment and prevention that includes empowering the patient to make informed healthcare decisions.

HEART FAILURE

Reviews nursing interventions related to heart failure. Includes diagnostic testing and medications used in the management of patients from admission through discharge.

HOSPITAL ASSOCIATED VENOUS THROMBOEMBOLISM (HA-VTE)

Reviews core measures aimed at reducing problems associated with surgical procedures and/or bed rest that may result in the development of blood clots. Includes nursing interventions for the safe management of antithrombolytic therapies.

MEDICATION SAFETY

Addresses safe medication management from a national patient safety perspective including a focus on medication teaching, reconciliation and proper labeling with focused attention on blood thinning medications.

METHICILLIN-RESISTANT STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS/CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE (MRSA/C. DIFF)

Recognizes surveillance strategies to reduce and/or eliminate the spread of healthcare associated infections; specifically, Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus/Clostridium difficile.

PATIENT AND FAMILY EXPERIENCE

Reviews patient and family satisfaction measures related to the perception of their experience. Includes pain management, medication teaching, discharge planning, hospital noise levels, and healthcare team member attitudes, communications, and responsiveness.

PATIENT FALLS

Explores ways to prevent patient falls through risk identification and evidence based interventions. Includes examples of risk assessment tools used in the adult healthcare setting.

POST OPERATIVE MANAGEMENT

Provides an overview of common post operative complications including respiratory failure, physiologic and metabolic derangements, abdominopelvic wound dehiscence, and failure to rescue. Focuses on early recognition and intervention to avoid post operative complications.

RESTRAINTS

Explores strategies to reduce and/or eliminate restraint and seclusion use in the healthcare setting. Reviews evidence based practices and the required monitoring and documentation of patients in restraints.

SAFETY

Prepares nurses to efficiently evaluate the safety of a patient's room including infection prevention, functional limitations, equipment, and environmental hazards.

SEPSIS

Provides an overview of the Surviving Sepsis Campaign guidelines with focused attention around time-sensitive bundles and the six-point action plan. Includes building awareness among health care professionals, early and accurate disease recognition, and diagnosis, use of appropriate treatments and interventions, patient, and family education, improving post-intensive care unit access, and development of standardized processes of care.

SKIN AND PRESSURE INJURIES (ULCERS)

Identifies evidence based interventions to aid in the elimination of skin breakdown and pressure injuries during a hospital stay.

STROKE

Provides an overview of nursing interventions related to stroke. Includes interventions and care based on the latest evidence based practice recommendations.

SURGICAL SITE INFECTION (SSI)

Summarizes barriers point-of-care nurses encounter that contribute to surgical site infections (SSI) and reviews solutions and collaborative efforts to prevent and eliminate SSI.

THE BUSINESS OF CARING

Provides a brief overview on the business aspects of healthcare. Raises awareness and promotes financial accountability for point-of-care nurses. Drives the use of evidence based practices at the point-of-care to promote quality patient outcomes and improve an organization's financial performance.

UNIVERSAL PROTOCOL

Provides an overview of the "time out" process used prior to any procedure. Verifies correct site/location for invasive procedures and examines ways to overcome barriers.

VENTILATOR ASSOCIATED EVENTS (VAE)

Reviews surveillance strategies to reduce ventilator associated events. Includes early detection of ventilator associated conditions, infection-related ventilator conditions and reduction of ventilator associated pneumonia.

Course Descriptions Pediatric NDR[®] E-Learning Modules

ALARM MANAGEMENT

Examines the patient safety goal aimed at reducing "alarm fatigue". Identifies practice improvements to ensure alarms on medical equipment are heard and responded to in a timely fashion. Includes setting alarms according to the age and diagnosis of the individual patient.

ASTHMA

Examines the asthma core measure and explores ways to partner with patients and families to increase adherence with medication and treatment plans. Focuses on both early identification and long-term management.

CATHETER ASSOCIATED URINARY TRACT INFECTION (CAUTI)

Explores evidence based practices aimed at reducing and/or eliminating catheter associated urinary tract infections. Addresses the importance of evidence based practice bundles with a focus on quality improvement.

CENTRAL LINE ASSOCIATED BLOOD STREAM INFECTION (CLABSI)

Explores evidence based practices aimed at reducing and/or eliminating central line associated bloodstream infections. Addresses the importance of evidence based practice bundles with a focus on quality improvement.

COMMUNICATION

Examines effective communication strategies among the pediatric healthcare team, patient, and family. Includes



discussion related to patient safety, patient hand off, discharge education, blood administration, patient identification, critical results, and transparency.

EVIDENCE BASED PRACTICE (EBP)

Differentiates between evidence based practice, quality improvement, and research. Highlights the nurse's role in providing care based on evidence based practices. Identifies areas for quality and performance improvement and encourages collaboration and engagement with on-going EBP efforts.

IMMUNIZATIONS

Explores ways to partner with parents in the safe administration of childhood immunizations. Specifically addresses how to partner with parents refusing vaccines.



MEDICATION SAFETY

Reviews medication management with specific attention to pediatric dosing, medication reconciliation, labeling and high-risk

medications including blood thinners. Emphasizes a "no blame" culture of safety and the importance of safety event and near miss reporting.

METHICILLIN-RESISTANT STAPHYLOCOCCUS AUREUS/CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE (MRSA/C. DIFF)

Recognizes surveillance strategies to reduce and/or eliminate the spread of healthcare associated infections; specifically, Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus and Clostridium difficile.

PATIENT AND FAMILY EXPERIENCE

Reviews patient and family satisfaction measures related to the perception of their experience. Includes pain management, medication teaching, discharge planning, healthcare environment, and the healthcare team member attitudes, communication, and responsiveness.

PATIENT FALLS

Explores ways to prevent patient falls through risk identification and interventions that take into account the pediatric patient's growth and development.

PERIPHERAL IV CATHETER INFILTRATION

Explores evidence based interventions aimed at reducing the incidence of peripheral IV catheter infiltration and/or extravasation. Specifically addresses the gap in evidence related to pediatric peripheral IV management and explores best practice strategies to overcome the gap in evidence.

RESTRAINTS

Explores strategies to reduce and/or eliminate restraint use. Reviews evidence based practices for use and required monitoring and documentation.

SAFETY

Prepares nurses to efficiently evaluate the safety of a patient's room including environment for age-specific safety risks, functional safety, equipment, and infection prevention.

SEPSIS

Provides an overview of the Surviving Sepsis Campaign guidelines. Highlights utilization of Pediatric Early Warning Score and Rapid Response Teams for early identification and management of pediatric patients with sepsis.

SKIN & PRESSURE INJURIES (ULCERS)

Utilizes a case study approach to explore evidence based practice strategies that reduce and/or eliminate skin breakdown and pressure injuries. Reviews frequently used risk assessment tools.

THE BUSINESS OF CARING

Provides a brief overview on the business aspects of healthcare. Raises awareness and promotes financial accountability for point-of-care nurses. Drives the use of evidence based practices at the point-of-care to promote quality patient outcomes and improve an organization's financial performance.



BUILD A WORKFORCE FOCUSED ON QUALITY CARE AND PATIENT OUTCOMES.

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